

## Supporting Information

# Direct Synthesis of Pyrroles via Heterogeneous Catalytic Condensation of Anilines with Bioderived Furans

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## 1. Materials

### 1.1 Catalytic materials

H-ZSM-5 (18), H-BEA (12.5), H-MOR (12.5), H-Y (2.6), H-Y (3.2), H-Y (5) were supplied by NanKai University Catalyst Co. Ltd. (Tianjin, China). CeO<sub>2</sub> was supplied by Evonik. MgO was supplied by Alfa Aesar. Commercially available reagents and solvents (Sigma-Aldrich) were used with further purification.

### 1.2 Catalyst preparation

**Preparation of ZrO<sub>2</sub>:** ZrO<sub>2</sub> powder was prepared by a conventional precipitation method following the reported procedure.<sup>[S1]</sup> Briefly, 12.9 g ZrOCl<sub>2</sub>·8H<sub>2</sub>O was dissolved in 200 mL deionized water at room temperature, the pH was adjusted to 9.0 by dropwise addition of NH<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (2.5 M). The resultant hydro gel was washed with deionized water until free of chloride ions. The precipitate was then dried at 110 °C overnight and calcined at 400 °C for 2 h in air. The BET surface area of the resultant material was 110 m<sup>2</sup>·g<sup>-1</sup> (Micromeritics TriStar 3000). The crystal phase of ZrO<sub>2</sub> was composed of 56 % monoclinic phase and 44 % tetragonal phase.

**Preparation of Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>:** Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> powder was prepared by calcination of niobium oxalate at 500 °C for 4 h under air.<sup>[S2]</sup>

**Preparation of SiO<sub>2</sub>-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>:** SiO<sub>2</sub>-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> powder was prepared by the addition of TEOS into water containing nitric acid, aluminium nitrate (Si/Al = 1) with vigorous stirring. After the solution became homogeneous it was sealed in a plastic container, and kept at 50 °C for 20 h for gelation. The obtained gel was dried at 50 °C for 1 week and then heated at 600 °C for 2 h.<sup>[S3]</sup>

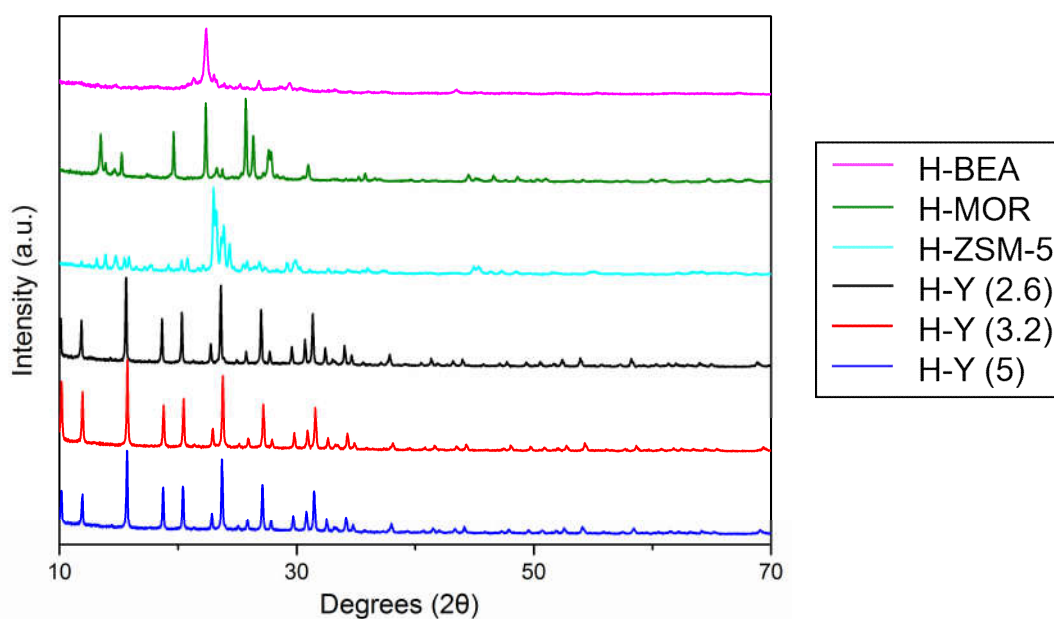
## 2. Supplementary Data

**Table S1.** The influence of acid strength on the yield of the target pyrrole.

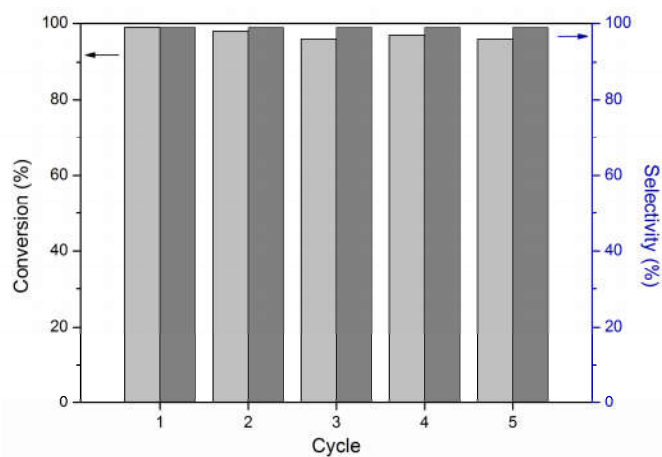
Entry	Catalyst	Si/Al ratio	Desorption		Pyrrole yield (%)
			temperature of acid site type 1 (°C)	temperature of acid site type 2 (°C)	
1	H-ZSM-5	18	213	412	34
2	H-MOR	12.5	196	419	9
3	H-BEA	12.5	193	314	63
4	H-Y	2.6	203	307	96
5		3.2	211	312	91
6		5	223	320	85

**Table S2.** The relative ratio of Brønsted acid to Lewis acid.

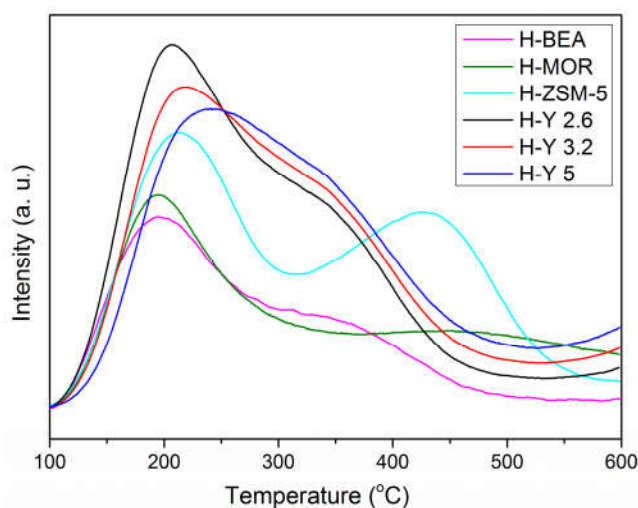
Entry	Catalyst	Si/Al ratio	B/L ratio	Pyrrole yield (%)
1	H-ZSM-5	18	1:1.04	34
2	H-MOR	12.5	1:0.63	9
3	H-BEA	12.5	1:5.49	63
4	H-Y	2.6	1:0.43	96
5		3.2	1:0.68	91
6		5	1:0.78	85



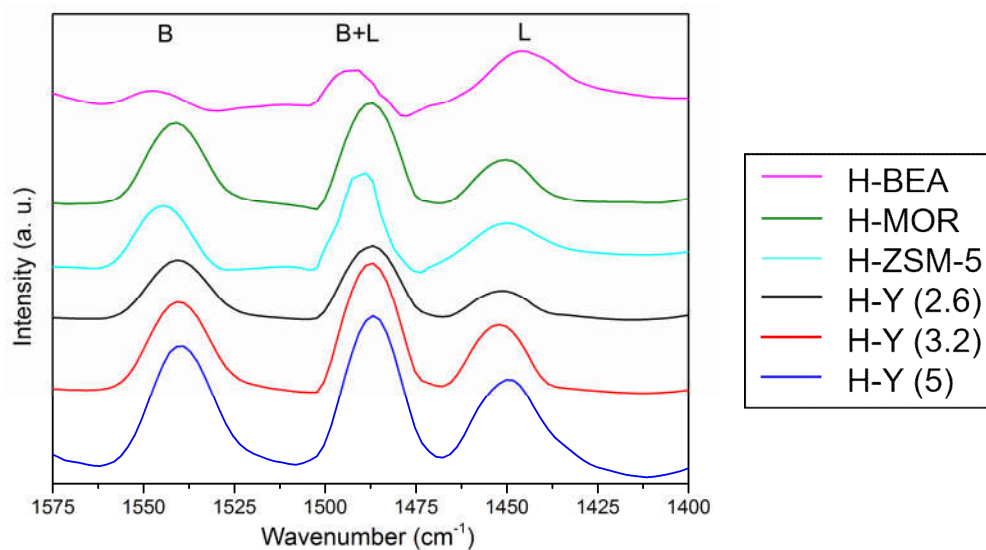
**Figure S1.** XRD patterns of various zeolite samples.



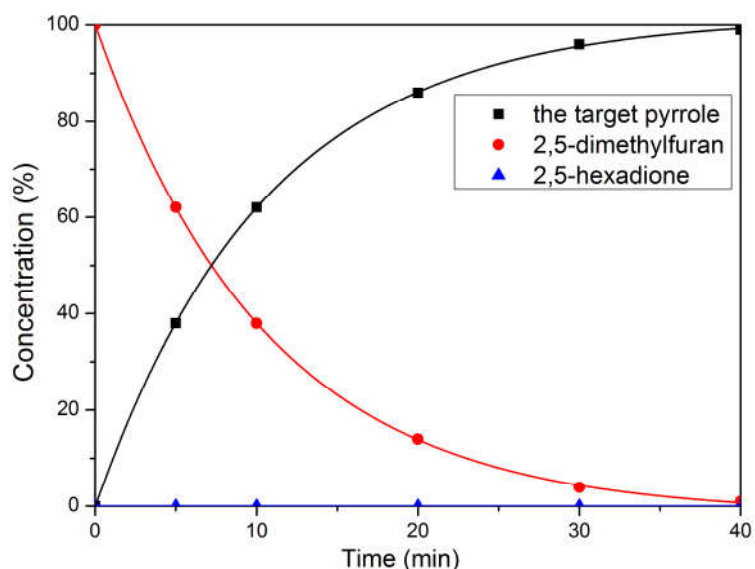
**Figure S2.** Recycling results of H-Y (2.6) in condensation of 2,5-dimethylfuran with *m*-methylaniline. Reaction conditions: 1 mmol 2,5-dimethylfuran, 1 mmol *m*-methylaniline, 2 mL toluene, 150 mg H-Y (2.6), 150 °C, 5 bar N<sub>2</sub>, 0.7 h.



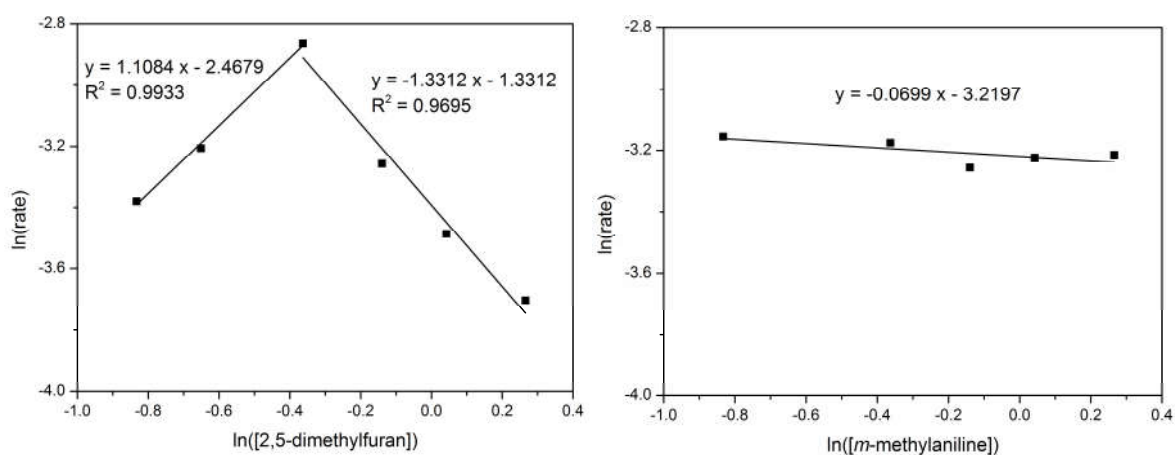
**Figure S3.** NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD profiles of various zeolite samples.



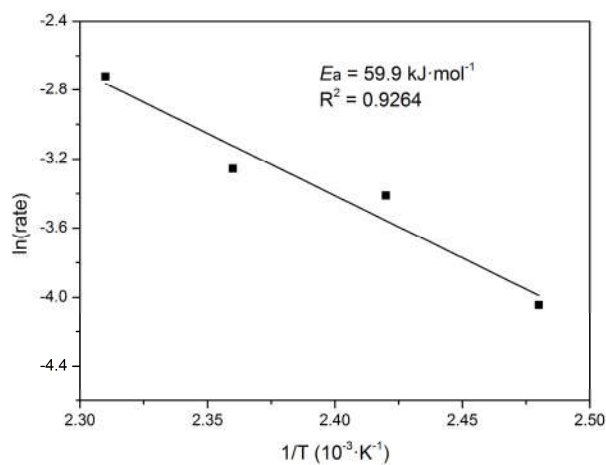
**Figure S4.** FTIR spectra of pyridine adsorbed onto the various zeolite samples.



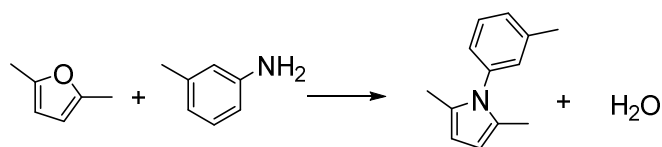
**Figure S5.** Time-course plot for the direct condensation of 2,5-dimethylfuran with *m*-methylaniline. Reaction conditions: 1 mmol 2,5-dimethylfuran, 1 mmol *m*-methylaniline, 2 mL toluene, 150 mg H-Y (2.6), 150 °C, 5 bar N<sub>2</sub>, 0.7 h.



**Figure S6.** Results of mechanistic studies. Plot of ln(rate) versus ln([2,5-dimethylfuran]) and ln([*m*-methylaniline]).

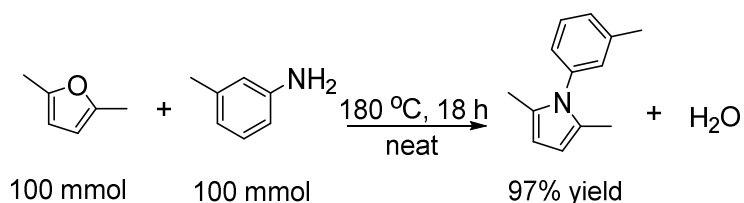


**Figure S7.** Arrhenius plot for H-Y (2.6) catalyzed direct condensation of 2,5-dimethylfuran with *m*-methylaniline.

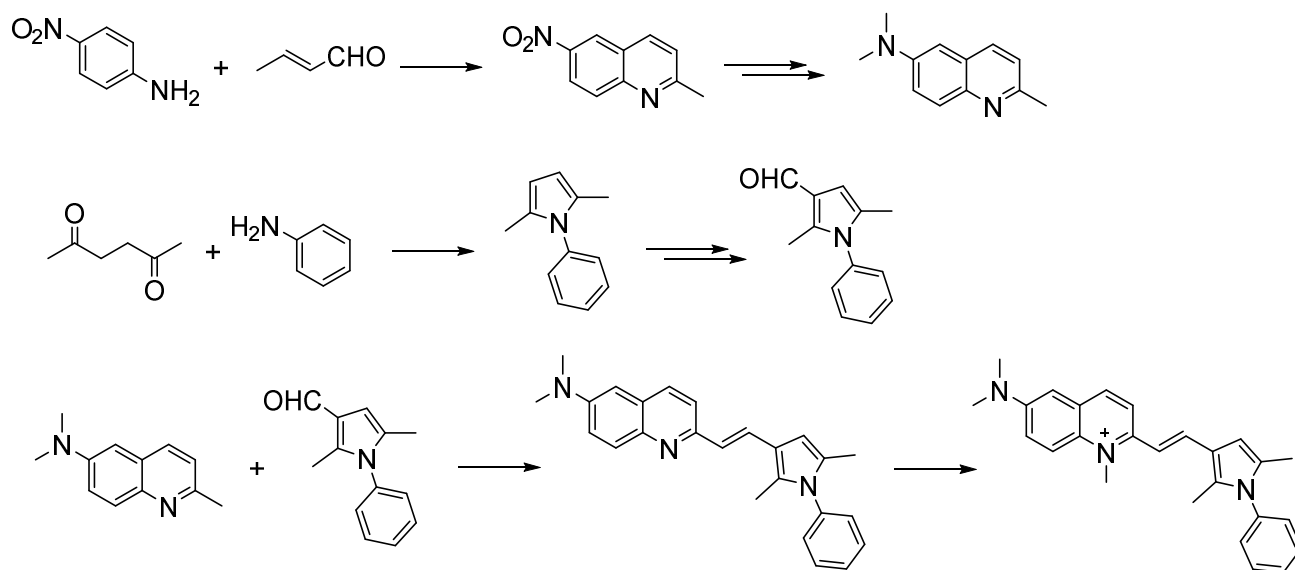


without base: 96% yield  
 with pyridine: 8% yield  
 with 2,6-lutidine: 13% yield

**Scheme S1.** Determination of the role of acid type by selective poisoning experiment. Reaction conditions: 1 mmol 2,5-dimethylfuran, 1 mmol *m*-methylaniline, 2 mL toluene, 150 mg H-Y (2.6), 0.5 mmol additive, 150 °C, 5 bar N<sub>2</sub>, 0.5 h

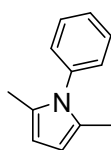


**Scheme S2.** Large-scale condensation of 2,5-dimethylfuran with *m*-methylaniline under neat condition. Reaction conditions: 100 mmol 2,5-dimethylfuran, 100 mmol *m*-methylaniline, 150 mg H-Y (2.6), 180 °C, 5 bar N<sub>2</sub>, 18 h

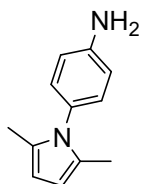


**Scheme S3.** Traditional synthetic route for Pyrvinium.<sup>[S4]</sup>

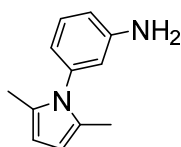
### 3. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra of products



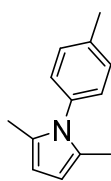
(Scheme 1, entry 1).<sup>[S5]</sup> <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 7.45-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.90 (s, 2H), 2.02 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 138.9, 128.9, 128.6, 128.1, 127.5, 105.6, 12.9.



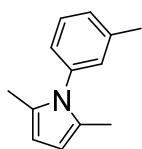
(Scheme 1, entry 2). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 6.96 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (s, 2H), 3.64 (br s, 2H), 2.01 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 145.8, 129.6, 129.0, 115.1, 104.9, 12.9; HRMS (ESI) calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 187.1230, observed 187.1238.



(Scheme 1, entry 3). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 7.21 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 2.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 2.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (s, 2H), 3.73 (br s, 2H), 2.04 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 147.0, 140.0, 129.7, 128.7, 118.4, 114.8, 114.3, 105.3, 12.9; HRMS (ESI) calculated for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 187.1230, observed 187.1237.

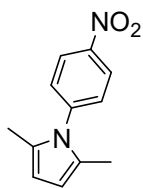


(Scheme 1, entry 4).<sup>[S6]</sup> <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.89 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 137.4, 136.3, 129.6, 128.8, 127.9, 105.4, 21.1, 12.9.

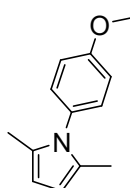


(Scheme 1 entry 5). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100

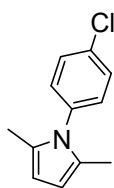
MHz):  $\delta$  138.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.3, 125.2, 105.5, 21.2, 12.9; HRMS (ESI) calculated for  $C_{13}H_{15}N$   $[M+H]^+$  186.1277, observed 186.1288.



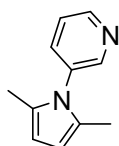
(Scheme 1, entry 6).<sup>[S7]</sup>  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.35 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H), 5.96 (s, 2H), 2.08 (s, 6H);  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  146.7, 144.7, 128.8, 128.5, 124.5, 107.4, 13.1.



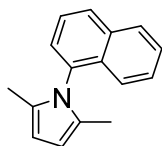
(Scheme 1, entry 7).<sup>[S8]</sup>  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.12 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 6H);  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  158.8, 131.7, 129.2, 129.0, 114.2, 105.2, 55.4, 12.9.



(Scheme 1, entry 8).<sup>[S8]</sup>  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.42 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 5.90 (s, 2H), 2.02 (s, 6H);  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  137.5, 133.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.6, 106.0, 12.9.

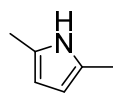


(Scheme 1, entry 9).  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.66 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd,  $J = 7.2, 4.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.94 (s, 2H), 2.04 (s, 6H);  $^{13}C$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  149.3, 148.8, 135.6, 135.5, 128.9, 123.7, 106.6, 13.0; HRMS (ESI) calculated for  $C_{11}H_{12}N_2$   $[M+H]^+$  173.1073, observed 173.1081.

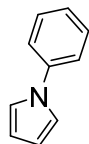


(Scheme 1, entry 10).<sup>[S9]</sup>  $^1H$ -NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.91 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.52 (quint,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 2H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.41 (t,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.01 (s, 2H),

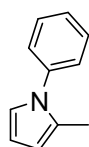
1.89 (s, 6H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  135.8, 134.2, 131.9, 129.8, 128.5, 128.0, 127.2, 126.5, 126.2, 125.3, 123.3, 105.4, 12.5.



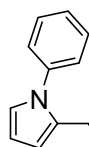
(Scheme 1, entry 11).<sup>[S10]</sup>  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.49 (br s, 1H), 5.73 (d,  $J = 2.8$  Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 6H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  128.1, 105.7, 12.9.



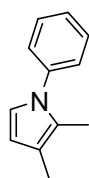
(Scheme 2, entry 1).<sup>[S11]</sup>  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.44-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.35 (t,  $J = 2.0$  Hz, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  140.8, 129.5, 125.6, 120.5, 119.3, 110.4.



(Scheme 2, entry 2).  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.43 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  140.4, 129.4, 129.0, 126.8, 125.7, 121.3, 108.1, 108.0, 12.9; HRMS (ESI) calculated for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  158.0964, observed 158.0955.



(Scheme 2, entry 3).  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.44-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 3H), 6.74 (t,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.22 (t,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H), 6.07 (quint,  $J = 0.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.55 (q,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, 2H), 1.15 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 125 MHz):  $\delta$  140.4, 135.6, 129.0, 127.0, 126.1, 121.5, 107.9, 106.0, 20.1, 13.3; HRMS (ESI) calculated for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  172.1121, observed 172.1122.



(Scheme 2, entry 4).  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.42 (t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 3H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz):  $\delta$  140.7, 129.0, 126.5, 125.6, 125.2, 119.9, 116.2, 109.8, 11.5, 10.5; HRMS (ESI) calculated for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$   $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$  172.1121, observed 172.1135.



## Reference

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